

# Development of online SPE-GC-MS system with automated SPE-based derivatization method for metabolome analysis.

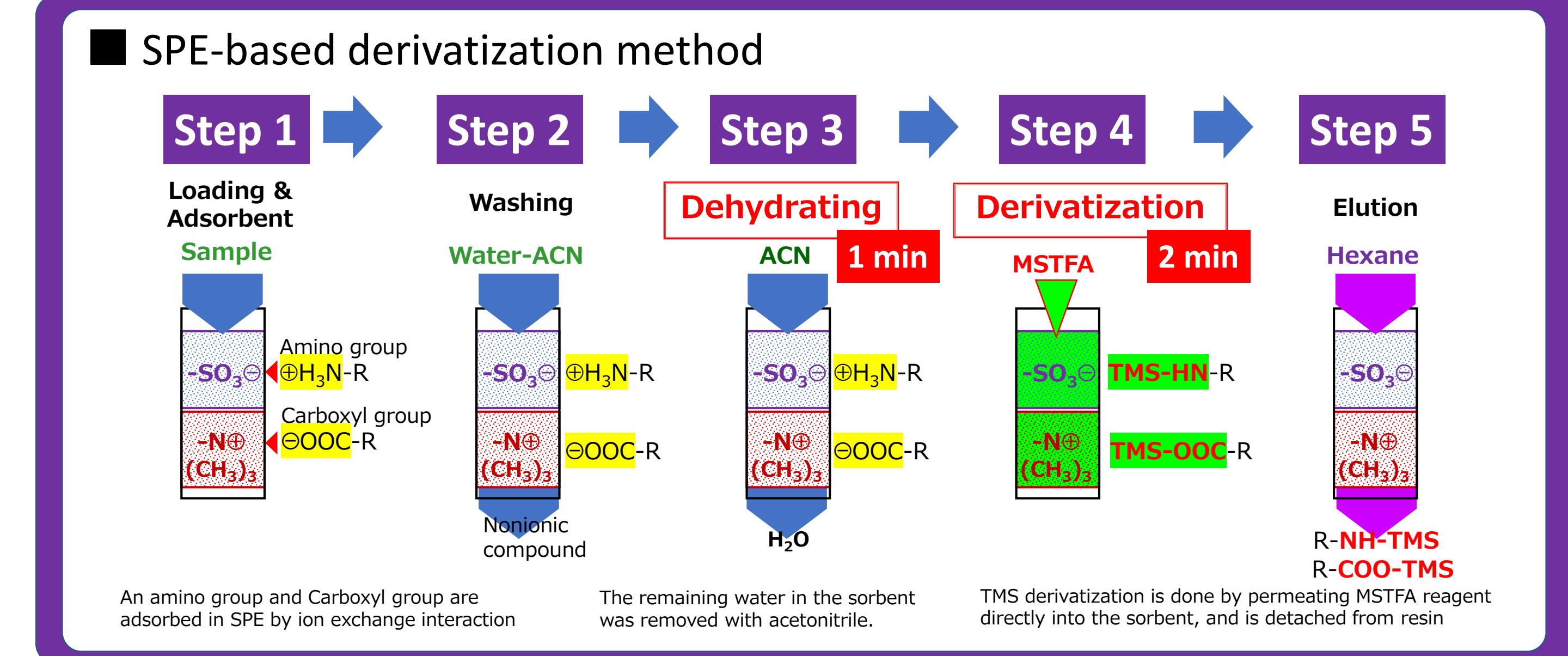
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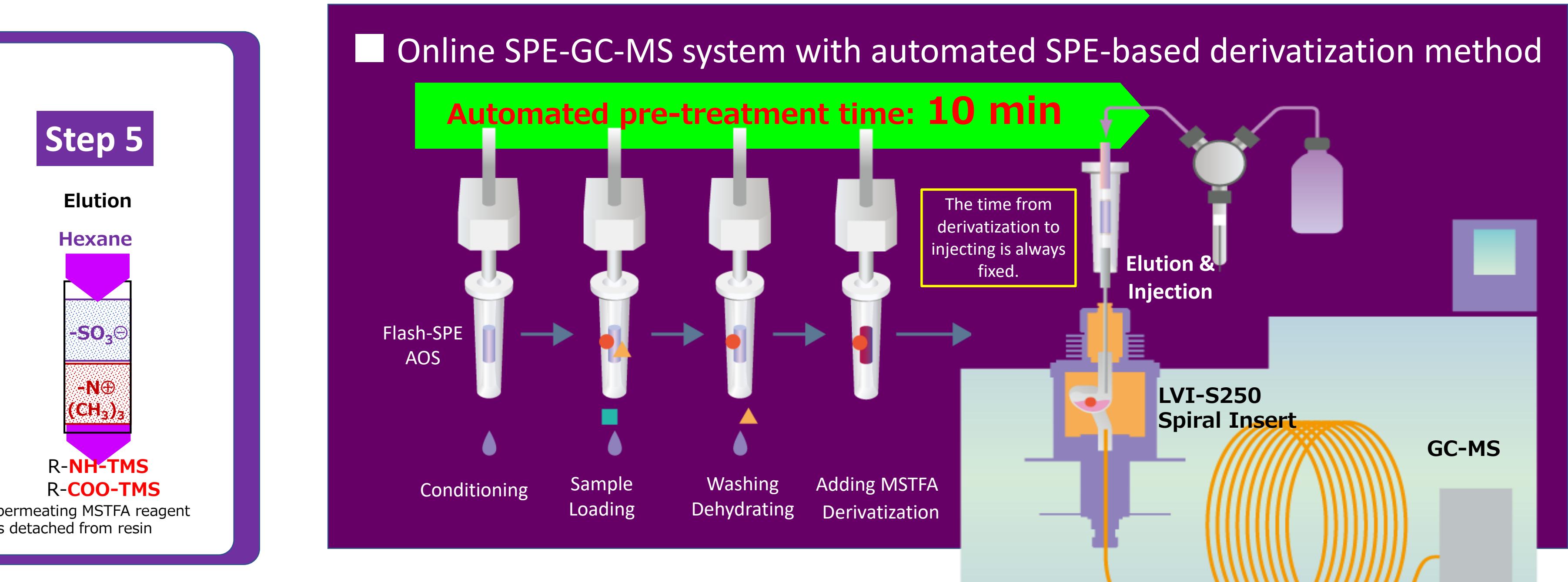
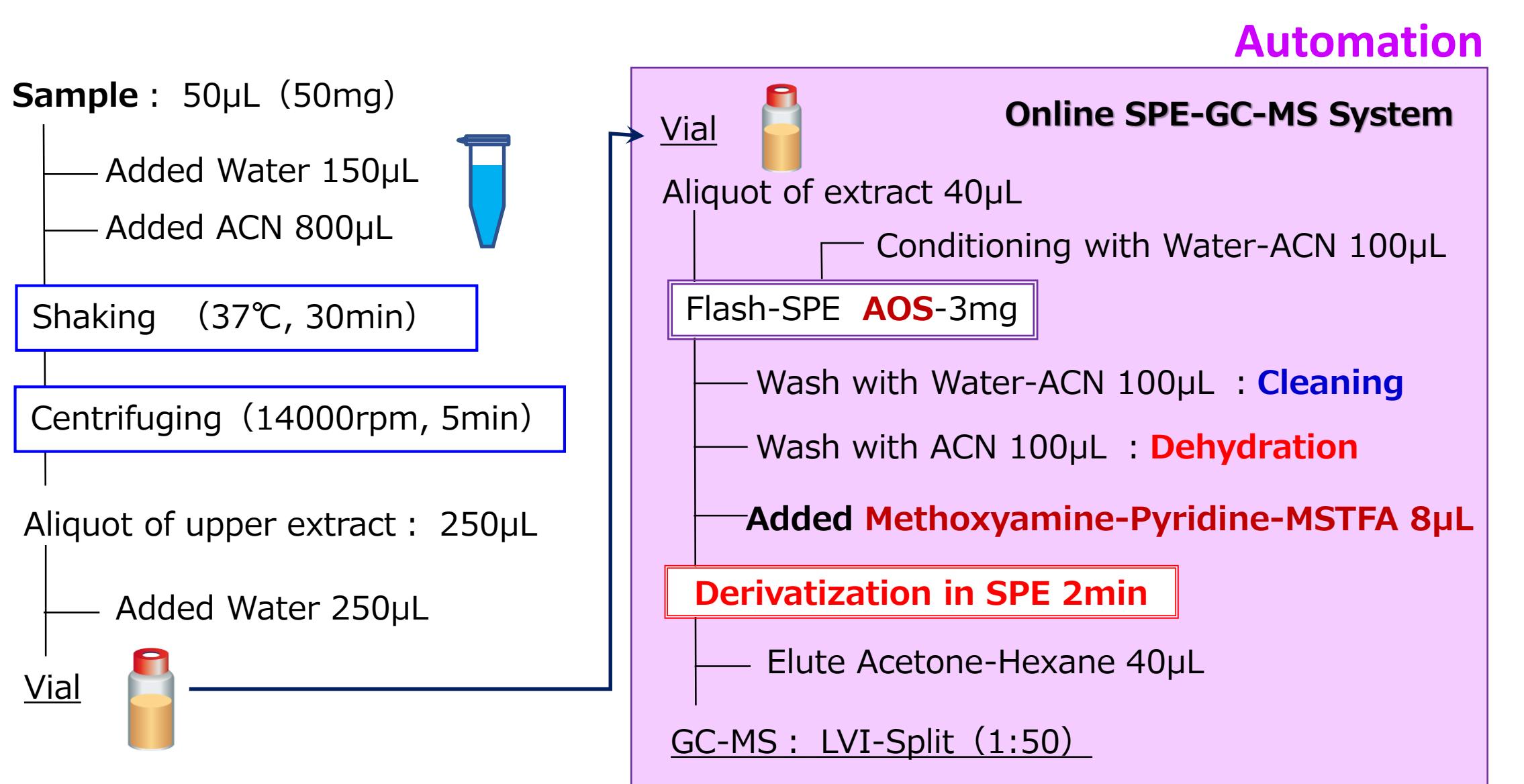
## 【Abstract】

Due to complicated sample preparation procedures that include centrifugal concentration, freeze-drying and derivatization, the current metabolomics protocol using GC-MS, requires not only longer processing time but also advanced technical skill. In addition, some silylated metabolites are unstable and the time required for complete silylation varies depending on the metabolite. Therefore, the time gap between derivatization and actual GC-MS analysis can potentially be a source of error. In this study, **automated SPE-based derivatization** method coupled with GC-MS was developed to accomplish an extremely rapid sample preparation. The derivatization method using SPE-gel has a high reaction efficiency and can provide sequential sample introduction to keep the interval from silylation to GC-MS injection constant.

## 【Experimental】



Amino acids and organic acids from the extracted samples were loaded into the SPE column filled with a mixture of ion-exchange sorbent. After washing with acetonitrile/water, the remaining water in the sorbent was removed with acetonitrile. TMS derivatization was done by permeating MSTFA reagent directly into the sorbent. A needle was automatically connected to the SPE cartridge and inserted into the GC-MS. Then, the TMS-derivatized metabolites were eluted with n-hexane, and injected directly into GC-MS with LVI spiral insert.



## 【Results】

### Evaluation with the standard solution

